BEFORE YOU TEACH

Thank you for partnering with UMI this quarter to teach Juniors about faith. Whether you're new to teaching our content or seasoned, I want to provide an overview about what you'll find in your packet.

Each lesson in this teacher guide has two pages of teaching instructions and commentary. Each section in the student magazine is covered in the *Juniorway** Teacher Guide. The "Student Story," "What I Have Learned," and "Choosing What's Best" sections are replicated from the student magazine. In addition, you are given instructions, comments, and questions to help you present the Juniors' lesson in an interesting and informative manner while motivating your class to act on what they've learned. When you first receive this teacher guide, begin your preparation by getting an overall view of the entire quarter from the information provided.

The section entitled "Lesson Background" will give background information about the lesson that you will share with your Juniors. Additional information about the lesson is also available in the white pages of this guide. Notice that each section of the teaching guide has a suggested time schedule so you can move through the lesson within your allotted teaching time.

For answers to the activities in the student magazine, you can refer to the "Special Student Activity Answers" in this guide. But first, be sure you have read and worked out each student activity yourself.

Scripture used in the *Juniorway** Student Magazine lessons is taken from the New International Version or King James Version of the Holy Bible. Now more than ever, your Juniors will have greater ease in reading and understanding God's Word.

"Answers to *JBA*"," the *Juniorway*" *Bible Activities* book, is also provided in this guide. *JBA*" offers additional activities to supplement and expand some of the *Juniorway*" lessons and can be ordered from Urban Ministries, Inc., or your local Christian bookstore. Your Juniors will welcome these attractive and challenging activities, and they can even take them home to share with their families.

Examine and use your teacher guide prayerfully. We hope it will help you become the teacher you know God has called you to be. We pray for God's direction and power in your calling to teach God's Word to His precious Juniors.

Love and Blessings,

Yolonda Tonette Sanders *Juniorway** Editor

P.S. Do you or your students have a good, clean joke to share? If so, please email me at ysanders@ urbanministries.com. Your content could be featured in a future edition of the LOL section found in the student booklet!

ANSWERS TO JBA®

The *Juniorway** *Bible Activities* magazine offers activities to supplement and expand lessons in the *Juniorway** *Student Magazine*. You will need to plan adequate time for each lesson activity.

LESSON 2:

Answers:

Psalm 121:7–8 God's Protection
Proverbs 16:9 God's Direction
John 3:16 God's Love
1 Corinthians 1:9 God's Faithfulness

1 Corinthians 1:9 God's Faithfulness
Philippians 4:19 God's Provision

LESSON 3:

Answers:

Hold on to: love, peace, joy Let go of: pride, bitterness, anxiety

LESSON 4:

Answers:

1. Mediator; 2. Promised; 3. Trumpet; 4. Mountain; 5. Kingdom; 6. Fear; 7. Firstborn; 8. Moses; 9. Fire; 10. Heaven; 11. Shaken; 12. Sion; 13. Peace; 14. Fail; 15. Darkness

LESSON 6:

Answers will vary, but here are some possibilities: loud, dart, part, heart, bean, nap, sap, bad, dab, lad, lead, led, tap, tab, neat, heat, beat, fate, feat, sand, band, deaf, leaf, able, table, yeast, feast, beast

SPECIAL STUDENT ACTIVITY ANSWERS

Before the quarter begins, carefully examine the following activities in the student magazine. Be prepared to clarify instructions for these activities and check answers for accuracy. Plan to let your students use the activity pages in class when you have time or as special outside assignments.

WHUZZUP?

Answers:

1. C, 2. A, 3. D, 4. B, 5. E

HIGH FIVE

Answers will vary. Allow volunteers to share their answers.

JUNIORWAY TRAILS

Answers will vary.

WORD OF FAITH?

Answers:

1. Synonym, 2. Antonym, 3. Synonym, 4. Synonym, 5. Antonym.

"Faith Cares" answers will vary.

QUARTER IN REVIEW

True Or False?

- 1. T
- 2. F 3. T
- 4. T
- 5. T

Short Answer

- 1. Malta
- 2. Answers will vary, but they should come from 1 Corinthians 13:4–7.

Learning About God

Answers will vary.

Keeping It In Mind

Answers will vary.

Quarter At-A-Glance September 2022

A Living Faith

This study focuses on faith. The first unit uses passages from Hebrews to move participants toward a definition of faith, while the second and third units continue the study of faith through the lens of the Early Church.

UNIT 1 • What Is Faith?

These lessons engage learners in responsive obedience to God's love that is revealed in Jesus. This response is an act of faith.

UNIT 2 • Who Understands Faith?

The first two lessons focus on Stephen's message and martyrdom. The third lesson explores the repercussions for those who treat faith as a commodity. The fourth lesson looks at the faith that guides both Philip the evangelist and the Ethiopian seeker to examine the Scriptures together.

UNIT 3 • What Does Faith Cost?

This unit is a four-lesson study of Paul's faith and ministry. The first lesson examines Paul's speech before King Agrippa. The second lesson goes with Paul aboard the ship to Rome. The final two lessons focus on Paul's ongoing ministry even though he is a prisoner.

MY SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP

WEEKLY THEME:

FAITH CALLS FOR PERSEVERANCE

BASED ON:

Hebrews 10:19-31

PURPOSE OF THE LESSON

During this lesson, Juniors will discuss how Jesus' sacrificial death opens the way to the presence of God, reflect on the importance of holding on to faith in Jesus, and share their faith with others.

BEFORE YOU TEACH

- **1. Suggested Materials**—Bibles, student magazines, pens or pencils.
- **2.** Lesson Background—For background information, read Hebrews 10:19–31. Be sure to read the student lesson. Also see Bible Study Guide 1 in the white pages of this book, as well as in the UMI Annual Commentary, *Precepts for Living**.

The writer of Hebrews tells us that because of Christ's sacrificial death, we can enter into the presence of God. We can also develop a personal relationship with Jesus and grow in faith.

Juniors should be taught how to enter into the presence of God and be given an opportunity to accept Jesus as their Savior. They should then be encouraged to develop their relationship by praying, walking in faith, and telling others about Jesus. They must know that they have to persevere in faith, and hold on to it when it is tested. They can grow stronger spiritually and be more secure in life as their faith in Christ deepens.

OPEN THE LESSON

Get Started Activity

Review last week's "Doing My Part" activity. Then ask the Juniors to state what they believe with certainty about Jesus. After the discussion,

KEEP IN MIND:

Hebrews 10:23

FROM YOUR BIBLE:

The Scripture text is in the student lesson under "Learning From God."

point out to Juniors that what they have just done was witness, or tell others, about Jesus.

What's It All About?

Teaching time about 4–8 minutes

Student Story: My Special Relationship

Bryant fumbled to find the alarm clock's off button. Here it was—the first day of school. Bryant was entering the sixth grade. He was moving from the elementary building to the middle school. He was a little nervous, but he knew he would be fine. He rolled out of bed and dropped to his knees.

"Dear Lord," Bryant began, "thank You for this day. Please bless me and all the kids starting school today. Help us do what is right in Your sight. Help us do our schoolwork to the best of our abilities and to follow instructions. Protect us and keep us. In Jesus' name, I pray. Amen."

After he prayed, Bryant felt better. He didn't know what the school day would hold, but he was at peace, knowing that he placed his trust in God.

How does Bryant demonstrate faith in this story? How important is it to have faith in Jesus? How can you enter into a relationship with Jesus? Do you need someone's help? Why or why not?

PRESENT THE SCRIPTURES

Learning From God

Teaching time about 10–15 minutes

Allow volunteers to read the verses. Explain that before Jesus, a high priest was the only one allowed to enter into the presence of God on behalf of the people. When Jesus died on the Cross, He gave everyone who believes the ability

to enter into his or her own personal and special relationship with God. Have Juniors give examples from the passage of how they should draw near to God. Also have them discuss what those who continue to live in sin should expect.

What I Have Learned

Teaching time about 5–8 minutes
Juniors will find the following words from today's lesson in this word search.

Answers:

В	W	G	W	P	Н	Y	R	T	U	Z	Z	X	E	Q
A	L	V	В	S	T	Z	X	S	L	Е	Ο	K	W	P
S	S	O	X	Ο	I	В	С	S	K	T	T	Е	D	Ο
T	M	S	O	T	A	K	X	F	K	A	R	I	A	W
S	N	Z	U	D	F	S	A	C	R	I	F	I	C	E
S	C	R	D	R	D	F	Н	V	W	U	Е	I	T	V
E	S	O	Ι	N	A	U	J	R	J	V	Q	S	T	X
N	J	V	V	D	K	N	J	E	T	Q	E	Z	R	О
N T					K M					_				
	S	K	В	E		Q	C	U	S	I	M	N		X
T I	S	K M	B T	E X	M N	Q K	C	U E	S R	I U	M V	N C	A E	X N
T I W	S D	K M K	B T H	E X P	M N Y	Q K A	C B N	U E P	S R V	I U T	M V S	N C Q	A E H	X N
T I W	S D S U	K M K D	B T H	E X P O	M N Y	Q K A J	C B N	U E P W	S R V Q	I U T G	M V S Q	N C Q D	А Е Н О	X N K J

ASSURANCE	HEAKI
BLOOD	JESUS
COVENANT	PRIEST
FAITH	SACRIFICE
GOD	WITNESSES

Juniorway® Bible Activities

For additional material, see the activity for this lesson in the *JBA** (*Juniorway** *Bible Activities*) book.

Keep In Mind

Teaching time about 2–3 minutes

Recite the verse aloud several times. Then have all of the girls stand and recite the first portion of the verse and have the boys do the second. Allow them to do this several times and then switch portions to recite.

EXPLORE THE MEANING

Choosing What's Best

Teaching time about 4–8 minutes

Juniors are instructed to explain how Jesus' death allows them to confidently enter into the presence of God and how important it is to be in God's presence. Allow volunteers to discuss their answers.

NEXT STEPS FOR APPLICATION

Doing My Part

NOTES

Teaching time about 2–3 minutes

Juniors are challenged to tell others about Jesus. Remind them that they did so earlier in this session and it's that easy. Pray with Juniors that they are empowered to share their faith with others.

Faith Calls for Perseverance

Bible Background • HEBREWS 10:19–31
Printed Text • HEBREWS 10:19–31 | Devotional Reading • ROMANS 5:1–5

—— Aim for Change ————

By the end of the lesson, we will: KNOW Jesus' sacrificial death opens the way to the presence of God; FEEL the importance of holding on to faith in Jesus; and SHARE our faith with others.

In Focus

Anthony and Angie dated for one year and had been friends for eight. One Saturday, Anthony met with Mr. Williams, Angie's father. Anthony said to him,

"May I have your permission to ask Angie to marry me? I love and respect your daughter and I want to make her my partner for life. She is my blessing from God. I can't imagine life without her."

Mr. Williams thought for a moment then smiled. "You have my permission, Anthony," he said. "Let's pray for your lives together."

One evening as Anthony and Angie walked through the park, Anthony knelt on one knee and proposed. Angie was speechless. As tears ran down her cheeks, she said,

"I have made too many mistakes in my life. You can't truly love me, because I have not forgiven myself. I don't deserve a life with you. I love you, but I can't marry you!"

As Angie started to leave, Anthony said, "We all make mistakes, but God forgives us when we sincerely come to Him."

Through faith in Christ, our sins are forgiven and we have a new life. In today's lesson, we can develop a personal relationship with Jesus by faith and enter into the presence of God.

Keep in Mind

"Let us hold fast the profession of our faith without wavering;" (Hebrews 10:23, KJV)

Focal Verses

KJV Hebrews 10:19 Having therefore, brethren, boldness to enter into the holiest by the blood of Jesus,

20 By a new and living way, which he hath consecrated for us, through the veil, that is to say, his flesh;

21 And having an high priest over the house of God;

22 Let us draw near with a true heart in full assurance of faith, having our hearts sprinkled from an evil conscience, and our bodies washed with pure water.

23 Let us hold fast the profession of our faith without wavering; (for he is faithful that promised;)

24 And let us consider one another to provoke unto love and to good works:

25 Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as the manner of some is; but exhorting one another: and so much the more, as ye see the day approaching.

26 For if we sin wilfully after that we have received the knowledge of the truth, there remaineth no more sacrifice for sins,

27 But a certain fearful looking for of judgment and fiery indignation, which shall devour the adversaries.

28 He that despised Moses' law died without mercy under two or three witnesses:

29 Of how much sorer punishment, suppose ye, shall he be thought worthy, who hath trodden under foot the Son of God, and hath counted the blood of the covenant, wherewith he was sanctified, an unholy thing, and hath done despite unto the Spirit of grace?

30 For we know him that hath said, Vengeance belongeth unto me, I will recompense, saith the Lord. And again, The Lord shall judge his people.

31 It is a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living God.

The People, Places, and Times

Holy of Holies. It was located in the innermost sanctuary of the temple. Separated from the other parts of the temple by a thick curtain, the Holy of Holies was specially associated with the presence of Yahweh, God. In the early years of the existence of the temple, the Holy of Holies contained the Ark of the Covenant, which represented God's presence with the people of Israel.

High Priest. He was the one in charge of the temple worship. It was a hereditary position based upon descent from Aaron. Normally, the high priest served for life. Only the high priest could enter the Holy of Holies and only on the Day of Atonement.

Hebrews. Because there are references to religious sacrifices and ceremonies, the book of Hebrews was probably written before the

destruction of the temple in Jerusalem in A.D. 70. The name of the author is not given, but the person is a "brother" of Timothy (Hebrews 13:23). The setting for the book is a period when Jewish Christians underwent severe persecution from the Romans and Jews, both socially and physically. It's clear that the author was knowledgeable of the Old Testament because there are direct quotations from it as he argues the superiority of Jesus Christ and faith.

Background

Sacrifices were practiced from the earliest of times in the Old Testament. Sacrifices from the produce of the land and firstborn of the flock were offered by Cain and Abel; Noah built an altar and offered sacrifices after he left the ark. The Mosaic sacrifices were prior to Christ's

ultimate sacrifice on the Cross. Animals were imperfect sacrifices that could not completely purify and atone for the sins of the people. If they could, they would have ceased. The annual sacrifice on the Day of Atonement was a visible reminder of the sins of humanity.

The writer expressed the importance and superiority of Christ's priesthood and the New Covenant to the Levitical priesthood and the Mosaic covenant. The Levitical high priest could only enter the Holy of Holies, which was the most holy place (inner sanctuary of the temple) one day a year, the Day of Atonement, the 10th day of the seventh month of the Jewish calendar (September-October). On the Day of Atonement, the high priest made reconciling sacrifices for the sins of the entire nation. The images that the writer revealed about the Day of Atonement emphasize the superiority of the priesthood of Christ.

In Chapter 9 of Hebrews, the writer explained that the *diatheke*—the Greek word for agreement, covenant, or arrangement—was placed into effect when Christ died (Hebrews 9:11–12, 24–28). The new covenant, which was initiated when Christ died, frees believers from the bondage of the first covenant. God took away the Levitical sacrificial system, which was the first arrangement, when He established the perfect sacrifice—Jesus Christ.

At-A-Glance

- 1. The Priesthood of Christ Is Superior (Hebrews 10:19–21)
- 2. The Priesthood of Christ and Our Profession of Faith (vv. 22–25)
- 3. The Priesthood of Christ and Knowledge of the Truth (vv. 26–27)
- 4. The Priesthood of Christ and How God Will Judge His People (vv. 28–31)

In Depth

1. The Priesthood of Christ Is Superior (Hebrews 10:19–21)

In chapters 5 through 10 of the book of Hebrews, the writer has explained that the priesthood of Christ is superior to the Levitical priesthood, which was made at Mount Sinai. The Levitical priesthood could not bring the people to perfection. There was no permanent reconciliation between the people and God through the temporary animal sacrifices. The people needed the perfect sacrifice, Jesus Christ, who gave His life once to restore the people to a relationship with God. The Levitical high priests atoned for all sins of the people on the Day of Atonement. Every year, the high priest entered the Holy of Holies where he made a sacrifice for the nation's sins. A curtain prevented anyone from seeing the inner sanctuary. When Jesus died for the sins of humanity, the curtain was torn open, permitting anyone to enter the holiest of all—God's presence. The high priest was no longer required for believers to be forgiven. By a "new and living way" (Hebrews 10:20), believers can go directly to God through faith in Christ.

During biblical times, the high priest passed through a veil to enter the inner sanctuary where God's presence existed. Because of Christ's sacrificial death on the Cross, believers can now personally come before God. Christ shed His blood to give humanity the ability to come before God's presence by faith. Our High Priest is Jesus Christ, who experienced the pain, temptations, and trials that we experience as believers. By the righteousness of Christ, the Superior Priest, we can approach God with "boldness ... by the blood of Jesus" (Hebrews 10:19). Through the shed blood of Christ, we can come before our Creator by faith. Have you accepted Christ by faith and experienced a relationship with God that is only available through Christ, the Superior Priest?

2. The Priesthood of Christ and Our Profession of Faith (vv. 22–25)

Through Christ, we can freely enter into the presence of God. Through faith in Christ's work on our behalf, we have "full assurance," or certainty, that our sins are forgiven. There is an allusion to Christian baptism when the writer refers to "our hearts sprinkled" and "bodies washed with pure water" (Hebrews 10:22). Because of the eternal efficacy of the blood of Christ, our consciences are cleansed. When the high priest entered the "holy place . . . He shall put on the holy linen coat ... the linen breeches ... a linen girdle ... these are holy garments" and he must be cleansed; therefore "shall he wash his flesh in water" (Leviticus 16:3-4). Likewise, the believer must be cleansed before he or she can come before the Holy One. While we are declared "not guilty" because of the work of Christ, we need to cleanse ourselves daily by turning away from sin and turning to God to experience the fullness of relationship with Him. We must give ourselves completely to God and maintain a personal relationship with Jesus.

The writer encourages believers to "hold fast the profession of our faith without wavering" (Hebrews 10:23). God reveals His promises and truths through His Word; thus, we must embrace God's Word and resist temptation and opposition. His promises are our treasures that we believe with a confident expectation. The foundation of our faith, therefore, is based upon the integrity and righteousness of Christ. We have hope because "God is faithful" (1 Corinthians 1:9). Although the Jewish Christians were experiencing persecution, the writer urges the believers to resist the temptation to apostasy. He wants to reassure the believers by calling them to remember, "He (God) is faithful that promised"; God will do what He has promised (Hebrews 10:23).

The writer instructs the believers to "consider"—which means to observe or contemplate—each other (Hebrews 10:24). Believers must provoke or stir up the qualities of love and good works toward each other (Hebrews 10:24). The writer knew believers could have an impact on one another by loving and doing good deeds for each other.

Because of the fear of persecution, some of the believers had stopped attending worship services; therefore, the writer encourages believers to pull together to stir up loving and active faith. The fellowship of believers is a source of encouragement; it is an opportunity to share faith and grow stronger. The writer urged the believers to get involved in encouraging or "exhorting one another" with the truth (Hebrews 10:25). The fellowship of believers promotes accountability; it is the opportunity to worship and pray with others. As you fellowship with the body of believers, encourage someone today!

3. The Priesthood of Christ and Knowledge of the Truth (vv. 26–27)

The writer of Hebrews reminds believers that if they "sin willfully" they deliberately reject Christ (Hebrews 10:26). It is a conscious rejection of God after receiving the truth and the guidance of the Holy Spirit. The writer does not refer to an occasional act of sin. God sent Jesus to die for our sins; "If we confess our sins, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness" (1 John 1:9). Believers should not willfully rebel against God's provisions after receiving and fully understanding the "knowledge of the truth," which is Christ's offer of salvation (Hebrews 10:26).

The consequences of rejecting God are "judgment and fiery indignation, which shall devour the adversaries," and there is no hope of forgiveness (Hebrews 10:27). Thus, those who reject Christ and disobey God are His adversaries. There is one certain judgment,

death and destruction, for obstinate apostates. The apostates will experience the wrath of God because there is no other help for sinners who reject their only remedy—salvation through accepting Jesus Christ as Lord and Savior.

4. The Priesthood of Christ and How God Will Judge His People (vv. 28–31)

The Old Testament refers to the sin of idolatry that requires "two witnesses, or three witnesses ... (to) be put to death" (Deuteronomy 17:6). The judgment for idolatry was death by stoning, but there is a worse punishment for someone who rejects the word of Christ. If someone considers the "blood of the covenant ... an unholy thing," the person grieves the "Spirit of grace," the Holy Spirit (Hebrews 10:29). The person that rejects the Spirit of God will receive a punishment greater than a physical death.

Judgment belongs to God for "the LORD shall judge his people" (Deuteronomy 32:36). There is no other sacrifice for sin except Christ's sacrifice on the Cross. If someone rejects God's mercy, he or she will receive God's judgment. The writer of Hebrews states, "It is a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living God" (Hebrews 10:31). The apostate will experience an eternal punishment from God's hands. Believers, who have received the mercy of God through Christ, are saved and have nothing to fear.

Search the Scriptures

- 1. What is the "Holy of Holies" (Hebrews 10:19)?
- 2. What is the "new and living way" that Jesus has prepared for believers to come into the presence of God (Hebrews 10:20)?
- 3. Explain the difference between a "willful sin" and an "occasional sin." (Refer to the "knowledge of the truth" and the effects of deliberately rejecting "the truth" that are discussed in Hebrews 10:26.)

Discuss the Meaning

- 1. How can we draw near and remain in the presence of God each day? How can we truly experience God's presence?
- 2. When we accept Christ, He responds, "henceforth, I call you not servants ... I have called you friends" (John 15:15). What should be our response to Christ as believers? Does your relationship with Christ reveal that He is your friend?

Liberating Lesson

Faith is effective when we depend on God and rest in what Christ has done on the Cross. The writer of Hebrews urged believers to recognize the superiority of our faith and live in obedience to God each day. Through Christ, we have an eternal reward and significant privileges that we can experience through our new life in Christ. Through Christ, we can experience God's presence and develop a relationship with Him. We can grow in faith and experience a deeper relationship with God when we trust and believe without doubts and concerns that the world presents. The world is temporary, but our life with God is eternal. Each day we must trust God and hold on to our faith and then share our faith with others. When we share our love for God, we can encourage others and introduce them to a new life through Christ.

Application for Activation

The world focuses on tangible rewards, promotions, and recognition with financial bonuses. The world encourages the pursuit of tangible endeavors and earthly wealth with retirement plans focused on life in the world. Retirement plans can be important, but as Christians, our focus is greater. Because we have accepted Christ by faith, we are friends of Christ with a purpose to share our love for Christ through faith. Consider local ministries that allow you to share your faith in God. Volunteer

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your time to share your love for God with people who do not know Him or share your faith and encourage believers who are homebound or sick. Help others to remain faithful and experience the presence of God each day. Make a daily affirmation to share your faith. Finally, ask God for boldness to share your faith with others. God will give you the opportunity and bless your desire to be faithful.

Follow the Spirit What God wants me to do:	
	_
Remember Your Thoughts Special insights I have learned:	_
	_
	_

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Say It Correctly

Abihu. uh-**BAHY**-hyoo. Nadab. **NAY**-dab.

Daily Bible Readings

MONDAY

A Great Faith (Matthew 8:5–13)

TUESDAY

A Saving Faith (Romans 10:8–17

WEDNESDAY

A Justifying Faith (Galatians 2:15–21)

THURSDAY

An Examined Faith (2 Corinthians 13:5–10)

FRIDAY

An Enduring Faith (Romans 5:1–5)

SATURDAY

An Exemplary Faith (1 Thessalonians 1:2–10)

SUNDAY

The Full Assurance of Faith (Hebrews 10:19–31)

JUNIORWAY® TEACHING PLAN 2 • SEPTEMBER 11, 2022

I KNOW GOD IS WITH US

WEEKLY THEME:

FAITH IS ASSURANCE

BASED ON:

Hebrews 11:1-3, 6; Psalm 46:1-3, 8-11

PURPOSE OF THE LESSON

During this lesson, Juniors will discuss the meaning of faith and its implications for our lives, appreciate God's constant presence, and develop a practice of relying on God for positive change.

BEFORE YOU TEACH

- **1. Suggested Materials**—Bibles, student magazines, pens or pencils, art supplies, and magnet craft from your Teaching Success Kit.
- **2.** Lesson Background—For background information, read Hebrews 11:1–7 and Psalm 46:1–11. Be sure to read the student lesson. Also see Bible Study Guide 2 in the white pages of this book, as well as in the UMI Annual Commentary, *Precepts for Living**.

Faith is the assurance, confidence, and realization of God's ever-abiding presence and His power to bring about positive change in our negative, troubled world. Faith in God brings a good testimony or record, as proven in the life of Abraham and Abel, who were both deemed righteous through their faith (Romans 4:22 and Hebrews 11:4). Of Enoch, it was testified that his life of faith pleased God (v. 5). Thereby, it is recorded that without faith, it is impossible to please God (v. 6).

Psalm 46 relates how faith ushers in the presence of God. His presence seals our assurance, providing access to His divine intervention to bring help and to strengthen us in troubled times. We can and should find peace in His presence, being confident that He is God and He will be exalted in our lives.

KEEP IN MIND:

Hebrews 11:1

FROM YOUR BIBLE:

The Scripture text is in the student lesson under "Learning From God."

OPEN THE LESSON

Get Started Activity

Review last week's "Doing My Part" activity. Then select a few Juniors to complete the following statement: "I am sure that _____." After they have responded, point out that there are actually very few things we can be sure of; however, we can be sure of God's love, protection, provision, and ability to bring positive change in our lives.

What's It All About?

Teaching time about 4–8 minutes

Student Story: I Know God Is With Us

Rachel and Roger came home from school to find their mom engaged in a heated phone conversation. She abruptly ended the call when they walked in.

"How are my two blessings doing?" she asked as she kissed them both.

"Fine," Rachel replied. "What's going on? Was that Dad? Did he get the job?"

Mom shook her head. "No, he didn't get the job." She ushered the kids into the kitchen.

Roger, unaffected by what Mom had just said, fixed himself a bowl of cereal. Rachel, however, knew more than she was supposed to. She had overheard her parents talking the night before about overdue mortgage payments and the strain to keep food on the table.

"How are we gonna make it?" Rachel asked quietly.

"We're gonna make it just fine," Mom said.

Rachel didn't understand. "How can you be sure?"

"I'm sure because I have faith in God," Mom replied. "I'm sure that He's with us and will take care of us."

Why do you think Rachel's mom was so sure, in spite of their circumstances? What assurance does God's presence bring you? Do you believe He can change a difficult situation for the better? Why or why not?

PRESENT THE SCRIPTURES

Learning From God

Teaching time about 10-15 minutes

As Juniors read the lesson's passage, have them consider the difference faith makes in our daily living and in our relationship with God. Allow volunteers to discuss how faith brings assurance in our daily struggles. Also discuss how one develops faith. Finally, discuss how God responds to faith.

What I Have Learned

Teaching time about 5–8 minutes
Juniors will review the lesson's Scripture passage to complete phrases.

Answers (KJV):

- 1. Faith is (Hebrews 11:1): the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen.
- 2. Through faith (v. 3): we understand that the worlds were formed by the word of God, so that things which are seen were not made of things which do appear.
- 3. Without faith (v. 6): it is impossible to please him [God].
- 4. God is (Psalm 46:1): our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble.
- 5. [God] maketh (v. 9): wars to cease unto the end of the earth.
 - 6. The Lord is (v. 11): with us.

Juniorway® Bible Activities

For additional material, see the activity for this lesson in the *JBA** (*Juniorway** *Bible Activities*) book.

Keep In Mind

Teaching time about 2–3 minutes
Have the Juniors recite the verse aloud several

times. They can use any extra time to memorize the verse as they complete the activity for this lesson located in your *Teaching Success Kit*.

EXPLORE THE MEANING

Choosing What's Best

Teaching time about 4-8 minutes

Juniors are instructed to explain how they respond to a challenge or crisis in their lives. Allow volunteers to discuss their responses. Encourage those who respond in fear to begin the practice of reciting Psalm 46 to help them grow in faith

NEXT STEPS FOR APPLICATION

Doing My Part

NOTES

Teaching time about 2–3 minutes

Juniors are challenged to practice relying more on God. They are encouraged to pray to God each morning, stating their trust and dependence on Him. End class with a similar prayer.

 	

Faith Is Assurance

Bible Background • HEBREWS 11:1–7; PSALM 46:1–11 | Printed Text • HEBREWS 11:1–3, 6; PSALM 46:1–3, 8–11 | Devotional Reading • PSALM 27:1–6

—— Aim for Change ————

By the end of the lesson, we will: KNOW the meaning of faith and its implication for our lives; FEEL God's constant presence; and DEVELOP a practice of relying on God for positive change.

In Focus —

The students knew today's lecture was going to be about the terrorists' attacks on September 11, 2001, but they wondered why it was going to be discussed in their African American Studies class.

Professor Williams started the class by asking the students what they thought of the movie she assigned, "The World Trade Center." Several students shared their critiques of the movie. When she asked what was missing, the room was silent.

Then a student asked, "Were the Black people on the board behind you also directly affected by the attacks?"

"Yes, Deshawn," Professor Williams said. "Not only were the stories of African Americans left out of the news coverage at that time but the real life account of Jason Thomas, a former U.S. Marine who helped to rescue New York Port Authority police officers from out of the rubble, was cast as a white man in the movie. It's as if anyone Black was scrubbed from this event."

She told the students that over 260 African Americans died in New York; Washington DC; and Shanksville, PA on that day.

Professor Williams continued, "These stories aren't just important for their families, and the nation at large, but for us as African Americans. Mr. Thomas had the faith and commitment to do the work he was called to do, even though it could have cost him his life."

In today's lesson, we learn that when we experience conflicts in life, we can trust God by faith to see us through.

Keep in Mind

"Now faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen." (Hebrews 11:1, KJV)

Focal Verses

KJV Hebrews 11:1 Now faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen.

- **2** For by it the elders obtained a good report.
- 3 Through faith we understand that the worlds were framed by the word of God, so that things which are seen were not made of things which do appear.

11:6 But without faith it is impossible to please him: for he that cometh to God must believe that he is, and that he is a rewarder of them that diligently seek him.

Psalm 46:1 God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble.

- 2 Therefore will not we fear, though the earth be removed, and though the mountains be carried into the midst of the sea;
- **3** Though the waters thereof roar and be troubled, though the mountains shake with the swelling thereof. Selah.
- **46:8** Come, behold the works of the LORD, what desolations he hath made in the earth.
- **9** He maketh wars to cease unto the end of the earth; he breaketh the bow, and cutteth the spear in sunder; he burneth the chariot in the fire.
- **10** Be still, and know that I am God: I will be exalted among the heathen, I will be exalted in the earth.
- 11 The LORD of hosts is with us; the God of Jacob is our refuge. Selah.

The People, Places, and Times

Sons of Korah. Psalms 42 through 49 were written by the sons of Korah, who were temple musicians and assistants. The Korahites were among the chief Levitical families; they were listed as "gatekeepers." Korah was a Levite who led a rebellion against Moses. Although Korah was killed, his family remained faithful to God and continued to serve in His temple. King David appointed men from the clan of Korah to serve as choir leaders. Later, the choir leaders continued to serve as temple musicians for hundreds of years.

Psalms. The book of Psalms is a series of five collections: Book 1 (Psalms 1–41), Book II (Psalms 42–72), Book III (Psalms 73–89), Book IV (Psalms 90–106) and Book V (Psalms 107–150). Several authors wrote the collections, and some are anonymous. David wrote at least 73 psalms, and Asaph, sons of Korah, Moses, Solomon, Ethan, and Heman wrote others. Psalms was written over a period of more than 1,000 years, which included the time of Moses

(around 1440 B.C.) to the time of captivity in Babylon (around 586 B.C). The majority of the books were written during Israel's wilderness experience and time in Israel, Judah, or Babylon. The title "Psalms" was first used in the Septuagint. The traditional Hebrew title is *tehillim*, which means "praises" but most of the psalms are *tephillot*, which means "prayers."

Background

The readers of the book of Hebrews knew Scripture and professed faith in Christ. Because of doubt, persecution, or false teaching, the believers, who were Jewish Christians, considered giving up Christianity and returning to Judaism. The writer emphasized the superiority of faith to encourage the Christians of the first century to stand by faith.

Christians were demoralized and discouraged because centuries of tradition were replaced with spiritual freedom based upon faith in Christ. As a result, the believers experienced the wrath of the Jewish religious establishment because they believed in God's greatest promise—Jesus Christ—the Messiah, who fulfilled the prophecies of the Old Testament. The writer wanted to prevent believers from rejecting Christianity and returning to Judaism.

The writer explained the superiority of faith by examples of people who demonstrated greater faith. The heroes of faith were intended to encourage the power of faith as the believers adhered to their profession of true religion. Through examples in biblical history, faith is revealed through assurance in God's future promises with the implications that inspire believers to persevere. Through the summary of Jewish history, the heroes of faith challenge believers to grow in faith and live in obedience to God. Psalm 46, which was written by the sons of Korah—who were temple assistants—was a celebration of God's deliverance. The psalm may have been written when the Assyrian army invaded the land and surrounded Jerusalem. As the psalm speaks to ancient Israelites, it speaks to believers today. We need not fear if we trust God. Through faith we can give thanks for God's constant presence in our lives. Because God is with us, we can be rescued. The writer refers to a "river" (Psalm 46:4), which is the tunnel that King Hezekiah built to guarantee a continuous water supply for Jerusalem during times of war. Like the tunnel, God's presence is constant for believers.

At-A-Glance

- 1. Faith Is Confidence and Certainty (Hebrews 11:1–3)
 - 2. Faith Is Necessary (v. 6)
- 3. Faith Is Trust in God as Our Refuge (Psalm 46:1–3)
- 4. Faith Is Trust in God Whose Presence Is Constant (vv. 8–11)

In Depth

1. Faith Is Confidence and Certainty (Hebrews 11:1-3)

The writer of Hebrews begins chapter 11 with a description of faith as "the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen" (Hebrews 11:1). The reality of faith is what is "hoped for." Our prayers and hopes are based upon the promises of God. With a firm persuasion and expectation, the writer encouraged the believers to trust that God will perform what He has promised through Christ. We cannot see the future, nor do we know what will happen tomorrow, but our confidence is based upon the certainty of God's trustworthiness. To encourage struggling believers to hold to the superiority of their faith in Christ, the writer refers the believers to the elders of the Old Testament (Hebrews 11:2). The "elders" received a "good report," which was the evidence that they would receive the promise of participating in God's kingdom when it arrives in its fullness. Their actions revealed a genuine faith that will bring honor to the ancient believers.

Many Jewish teachers believed the material universe was created based on God's invisible pattern exemplified in His Word or wisdom. By faith, we believe God created everything out of nothing. Moses detailed the story of creation in Genesis chapter 1; there was a majestic display of power and purpose. With each creation, God "saw that it was good" (Genesis 1:4, 10, 12, 18, 21). By faith, we believe God spoke and created the entire universe. Our faith is based upon who God is; our response should be a confident and certain hope in God because He is ever present. Do you have certain and confident faith in God?

2. Faith Is Necessary (v. 6)

Faith reveals the reality of God. "It is impossible to please God" without faith because

faith is necessary to have an active relationship with God; it is necessary to walk with God (Hebrews 11:6, NLT). By faith, we believe in God and trust with certainty the future promises that He has revealed.

The heroes of faith believed and obeyed regardless of the consequences. In the same way, we can believe with a willing trust and please God. Our steadfast confidence is based upon who God is—the creator of the universe. God will recognize and reward our faith because we "diligently seek him" (Hebrews 11:6). By faith, we realize our own insufficiency and depend on God to work within us and through us. By faith we have confidence in the continual promises of God.

3. Faith Is Trust in God as Our Refuge (Psalm 46:1-3)

The sons of Korah were temple assistants who wrote Psalm 46. The psalmists recognized God as their source of help; they realized God's complete power and ability to rescue His children. As believers, we do not need to fear because God's presence is constant. God is our refuge; therefore, we can flee to Him and find security.

Life presents temporary destruction, doubts, and uncertainty, but God's presence is constant; "therefore will not we fear" (Psalm 46:2). We can appreciate God's constant presence because He is our mighty fortress. The earth swallowed up Korah, but the psalmists did not fear. We can be fearless with God as our present help, too. God is not a temporary resource; instead, God is our eternal refuge. The psalmists remind believers, "Though the waters thereof roar and be troubled, though the mountains shake," God's power is complete and victory in Him is certain (Psalm 46:3). We should not be troubled when the earth is unstable because our confidence is not found in the earth. Our confidence is based upon God, our sound eternal footing.

4. Faith Is Trust in God Whose Presence Is Constant (vv. 8–11)

The psalmist urges the believers to "behold the works of the LORD" (Psalm 46:8). Recognize the presence of God and His ability to save His children. He is the creator who cares for nature and all living things. As believers, we can trust in God's strength and His constant presence. Those who oppose God will experience desolation and face His judgment. But believers can stand in awe of God's power.

The psalmist encourages believers to respond with a generous heart. We can, as the psalm states, "Be still, and know that I am God" (Psalm 46:10). Even though war, destruction, and famine are a part of the world, God is still in charge. He is sovereign. Final victory belongs to Him, and He will be exalted. Therefore, we can rest assured and know with comfort that He is Lord.

Search the Scriptures

- 1. How did the writer of Hebrews describe faith (Hebrews 11:1)?
- 2. Who received a "good report" (Hebrews 11:2)?
- 3. Why is faith necessary to "understand that the worlds were framed by the word of God" (Hebrews 11:3)?

Discuss the Meaning

- 1. The writer explains that faith is required to understand that God created the universe where nothing existed. Genesis 1 details the awesome creation of the universe that was formed by God's Word. Faith is the beginning of our relationship with God. What qualities of faith are necessary to continue to grow and strengthen our relationship with God?
- 2. When Korah, Dathan, and Abiram led 250 princes against the priesthood of Aaron and Moses' general authority, God punished the leaders by allowing their challengers to be

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swallowed up by the earth. A fire consumed 250 of them. The psalmists, the sons of Korah, reiterate God's presence and encourage readers not to fear. How can we maintain a quiet confidence in the midst of economic turmoil, natural disasters, and continual wars?

Liberating Lesson

If we watch the news, listen to the radio or interact with others on social media, we hear about the current state of the world. The pandemic has devastated communities in different ways. Many people are homeless, unemployed, or on the verge of both. Natural disasters occur, and the number of fatalities grows. War and destruction are continually reported by the news. Peace seems impossible. While positive change seems nonexistent, we must not lose hope. God is ever present. If we trust God, we will be rescued, and change will occur through God's strength. We can rely on God for positive change as we realize our faith will be tested. How has your faith in God become stronger or weaker in light of world events, catastrophes, and unrest? How much do you think the world dismisses the constant help of God as a result of abundant negativity, catastrophe, and unrest?

Application for Activation

To remain faithful with steadfast confidence and certainty, we must keep our eyes on God through continual prayer. We must remain hopeful for positive change, as we believe that God is in control. We can have faith in God's constant presence even today because we know He is our refuge in times of trouble. Make a commitment to regularly attend Bible study and Sunday school to increase your awareness of God's power in troubling times. Join ministries that actively build the community and encourage people who are suffering or do not know God. Allow God's presence to be evident through your actions and words.

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What God wants me to do:	
Remember Your Thoughts	
Special insights I have learned:	

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Say It Correctly

Abel. **AY**-buhl. Cain. **KAYN**.

Daily Bible Readings

MONDAY

The Trusting Child (Mark 10:13–16)

TUESDAY

The Trust of the Weak (2 Chronicles 14:2–12)

WEDNESDAY

The Prayer of Trust (Psalm 3)

THURSDAY

The Security of Trust (Psalm 4)

FRIDAY

The Confidence of Trust (Psalm 27:1–6)

SATURDAY

The Patience of Trust (Psalm 27:7–14)

SUNDAY

The Certain Refuge (Hebrews 11:1–3, 6; Psalm 46:1–3, 8–11)

Notes